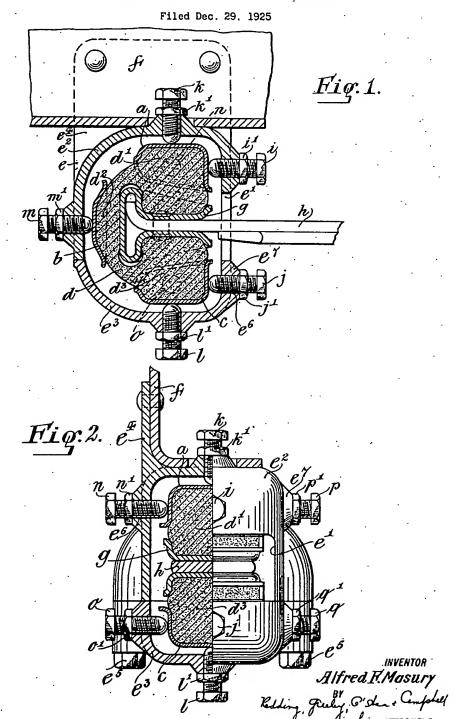
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CUSHION CONNECTION FOR VEHICLE CONSTRUCTION



## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

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CUSHION CONNECTION FOR VEHICLE CONSTRUCTION.

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This invention relates to cushion connec- end of a vehicle leaf spring and is disposed tions for vehicle construction involving the the yielding non-metallic material is reprovide a structure wherein the pressures and clearances of a block of yielding nonmetallic material in a cushion connection 15 may be varied in a plurality of directions it may be found desirable to definitely position the block within the housing without regard to the inner marginal surface of the housing. Further, it may be found desirable to vary the pressure exerted upon the proposed to provide adjustable devices bearits strength, resiliency and wearing qualing upon the blocks or upon individual or ties may be improved. It may also be found separate seats within which the respective desirable to vary the degree of pressure to load, thrust and rebound sections are disposed whereby the position taken by the 30 block in the housing and the degree of compression exerted upon the material is determined. Preferably the adjustable devices take the form of screws threaded into the walls of a housing containing the non-meso tallic material and bearing upon portions the housing. To this end it is proposed to so
thereof. In order that the invention may
have leavely implemented, and readily considered the provide devices capable of adjusting the walls of a housing containing the non-mebe clearly understood and readily carried into effect the same will now be described in greater particularity in connection with to the walls of the housing to determine the the accompanying drawings illustrating a preferred embodiment thereof, in which: the accompanying drawings illustrating a

section showing the cushion connection according to the present invention and preferred means, such as screws, threaded into the walls of the housing and bearing upon the yielding non-metallic material whereby the pressure and position thereof may be adjusted.

60 Figure 2 is a view in front elevation, and partly in section, showing the cushion connection according to Figure 1.

55 lic material is illustrated as engaging the screws may be secured in adjusted position 110

within a housing carried with the chassis broad principle illustrated in the patent to frame. In the drawings of the present in-Alfred F. Masury and August H. Leipert vention independent seats a, b and c are secondance with the patented construction accordance with the patented construction the yielding non-metallic material is re-tively, of a block d of yielding non-metallic tained, preferably under compression, within material disposed within a housing c cara housing carried with one of two parts to ried with a vehicle frame member f and enbe connected and engages the other part. gaging a seat member g carried with the 65. The object of the present invention is to end of the leaf spring h which enters housing e through the aperture e' formed in one wall of the housing. For convenience in assembly the housing is made in two parts, may be varied in a plurality of directions a main portion  $e^2$  and a cap portion  $e^5$ , the 70 from considerations of manufacture, assembly and use. For instance, in some situations a bracket portion  $e^4$  by which the housing is secured to the frame and the two parts being removably secured together as by the bolts  $e^5$ .

The block d is preferably formed of yieldable to vary the pressure exerted upon the ing nonmetallic material, such as rubber, block in accordance with the load to which and it is proposed to maintain this block the parts are subjected. To this end it is under internal static pressure in order that which the block is subjected dependent upon such factors as the quality of the non-metallic material going to make up the block or 85 the load upon the vehicle. It may also be of advantage in some situations to definitely. position the block within the housing withyielding non-metallic material or the separate seats a, b and c therefore with respect Figure 1 is a view in vertical longitudinal positioning of the block, it is preferred to use a plurality of screws threaded into openings eo in the housing which passages eo for the screws are re-enforced by bosses  $e^{7}$ . For 100 wardly disposed screws i, j bear upon the front face of the respective load and rebound sections. Similar screws k and I hear upon the top and bottom faces of the block. Rearwardly a single screw m bears upon the 105 thrust section  $d^2$ . To position the block with respect to the side walls of the housing In the preferred embodiment according screws n, o, p and q are provided. After to the patent a block of yielding non-metal the position of the block is determined the

by means of the respective lock nuts i', j', k', l', etc. In the illustrated embodiment the seat members a, b and c but it will be obvious that other means to accomplish this result may be availed of in lieu of the seats.

It will thus be seen that the yielding nonmetallic material may be definitely positioned within the housings by means of the screws illustrated and any desired degree of compression may be exerted upon the material by a predetermined projection of the

Obviously various modifications may be 15 made in the manner of distributing the effect of the screws over the surfaces of the non-metallic material other than the seats indicated and other forms of adjusting devices may be adopted without departing 20 from the spirit and scope of the invention. The invention is furthermore not to be deemed limited to a connection and support between a vehicle spring and body but is equally applicable in any situation where one part is to be yieldingly supported from another by a cushioning connection.

What I claim is:

1. In a cushion connection between parts to be connected wherein a housing is carried screws are illustrated as bearing upon the with one of the parts and has an open side 30 through which the other part enters the housing, yielding non-metallic material disposed within the housing and engaging the entering part, and a plurality of adjustable devices engaging the non-metallic material 35 and means to adjust the position of the entire block with respect to the housing.

2. In a cushion connection between parts to be connected wherein a housing is carried with one of the parts and has an open side 40 through which the other part enters the housing, yielding non-metallic material disposed within the housing and engaging the entering part, means to support the non-metallic material within the housing compris- 45 ing a plurality of seats carried with the yielding non-metallic material, and a plurality of adjusting means carried by the housing and engaging the seats whereby the position of the non-metallic material may be 50 bodily adjusted.

This specification signed this 23rd day of December, A. D. 1925.

ALFRED F. MASURY.